

TELL IT
In a want ad
and stop
worrying

THE GUTHRIE DAILY LEADER.

All Like It
The Leader

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ROOSEVELT'S PERSONALITY

LOOMS LARGER AND LARGER IN PEACE CRISIS

NOW APPEARS OFFICIALLY

Insisting That Conference Shall Not Fail.

(By Associated Press.)
St. Petersburg, Aug. 24.—A correspondent of Reuters Telegram company was today authorized by Count Lamsdorff, foreign minister, to state officially, and in the most formal manner, that Russia will pay Japan no contribution, direct or indirect, nor will it make any cession of territory whatever.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 24.—There are reasons for the statement that the President has made some representations to the Tokyo government, but whether they were made direct to the Japanese emperor is not known.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 24.—There is a report, which can not be confirmed, that late last night Baron Komura and Taisiura were at the navy yard. If this be true, it is possible that the President had some communication with them after leaving from Meyer.

It is reported that the President will send some one to Magellan to communicate with De Rosen and Witte during their stay there.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 24.—The personality of Roosevelt looms larger and larger in the crisis. He stands between the warring countries, insisting that the peace conference shall not fail. The President has already accomplished much. Had he not stepped into the breach the conference probably would already have gone to pieces. Such hope as remain that it will end in peace and a treaty rests upon it.

While it was Roosevelt's proposition, in substance, that Baron Komura formally presented at yesterday's meeting, the Associated Press is informed that as offered it varies slightly from the text of the compromise as suggested by both sides. In exactly what particular it can not be stated now with positiveness that it was the President's message to the emperor yesterday delivered in person by Ambassador Meyer to his majesty which was communicated to Witte and Rosen Tuesday afternoon at the navy yard. The President desired that the Russian plenipotentiaries should be apprised of the step he contemplated and the fact that they, as is understood, approved of it is significant in the extreme. Roosevelt, until Tuesday, had confined himself to communicating with Witte and Kaneko and his role was unofficial. Now he has made his appeal official. If it has failed there still remains a last appeal to the emperor of Japan.

There is yet no clue to the response Meyer received from Emperor Nicholas, but it is already in Roosevelt's possession and he is in a position today to define his next step.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 24.—The Japanese plenipotentiary at the conclusion of the afternoon session yesterday of the peace conference threw the cards upon the table. Baron Komura in a few words explained that Japan in her great desire for peace was ready to make certain "modifications" of the original articles in the hope that Russia could find it possible to accept them. He then presented in writing to Mr. Witte the compromise proposition which President Roosevelt had suggested. It was concrete and specific and it followed the lines outlined in these dispatches. It offered to withdraw article 6, providing for the payment by Russia of Japan's bill for the cost of war, on conditions that Russia would accept article 5, which is the cession of the island of Sakhalin, so modified as to include an arrangement for the purchase by the Russians of the northern half of the island for 1,500,000,000 yen. In addition it offered articles 11 and 12 (surrender of the interned warships and limitation upon Russia's sea power in the Far East.)

Witte Was Prepared.
It was President Roosevelt's compromise and Mr. Witte knew its contents as well as Baron Komura. The question of whether he had been "bluffing" was put to the test.

Without a moment's hesitation Mr. Witte explained that the modification proposed was merely a sham, a change of "dancer in purple" and ask Russia to

pay war tribute under another name. He could not accept it. He told Baron Komura Russia wanted peace. She had given the proofs in accepting every article involving the issues upon which the war was fought, but she could fight, and money for tribute she would not pay, not a kopeck. He asked Baron Komura to withdraw all demands for tribute. And so the plenipotentiaries separated to meet again on Saturday, ostensibly to permit Mr. Witte to place in writing, as the rules of the conference require, his reply to the Japanese compromise proposition. In reality the adjournment over the two days was to give each side an opportunity to consult its government for the last time.

NEW SUBMARINE FOR THE NAVY.

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, D. C., Aug. 24.—Lambert C. Thompson of Cleveland has invented a submarine boat which the United States government is examining with a view to adopting it for the navy department. The new invention looks very much like a shark, and that is the name by which it goes. It is constructed like a fish, with the diving blades, and promises to be a success. "The present steaming gear used on the submarines is not adapted to the kind of work which vessels of this class are expected to do," said Mr. Thompson, today.

JAPAN IS TOO MODERATE

Tone of Press in Regard to Question of Peace is Firm.

(By Associated Press.)
Tokio, Aug. 24.—The tone of the Japanese press in regard to the question of peace is firmer than ever. As summing the correctness of the published statement as to Japan's demands, all the newspapers concur in expressing surprise at the moderation of the government. Especially they notice the absence of any provision relating to the disarmament of Vladivostok, which has hitherto been considered an essential guarantee of permanent peace. The papers are unable to sympathize with Russia's reluctance to cede Sakhalin, which never formed an integral part of her empire, and which she only is asked to restore to Japan, the original owner. The papers unanimously ask what remains in the conditions if the points in reference to Sakhalin and the reimbursement of Japan's war expenses are excused. Even the business men's organ pronounces in favor of continuing the war rather than abating anything of the already irreducible minimum. Several journals affirm that the nation will not regret the failure of the conference if its results would not insure permanent tranquility in the Far East. There is an evident tendency in some quarters to question the wisdom of excessive moderation.

HAD DELIGHTFUL VACATION

Robert Ramsey Tells of Pleasures Enjoyed on Summer Trip.

Robert Ramsey has returned from an eight weeks' summer vacation spent in the East. In company with Mrs. Ramsey and the children, Josephine, Ronald and pretty little Mary Elizabeth, Mrs. S. S. Lawrence and Mrs. R. V. Houston and son, they left here the twenty-fifth of June, going to Galveston where they sailed direct to New York, having a most delightful trip devoid of accident. From New York the Ramsays family went to Avon-by-the-Sea, New Jersey, and spent the summer, guests at the Hotel Buckingham. Avon-by-the-Sea is a beautiful, quiet, summer resort on the coast, two miles south of Asbury Park. The golfing links there are among the best in America. While at Avon-by-the-Sea Mr. and Mrs. Ramsey were members of an auto party that visited George Gould's winter home, twelve miles from the resort. A remarkable thing about this is that a popular summer resort and a winter residence are located within twelve miles of one another. The Gould home is built in a valley, thickly filled with a growth of pines and it is quite warm there during the cold months. The winter home of Mr. Gould is one of the most beautiful and wonderful places in the world, comparing favorably in magnificence with the palaces of European royalty and surpassing any of them in extensiveness of grounds. The family, after enjoying the pleasures of Avon-by-the-Sea went to Worcester, N. Y., where Mr. Ramsey met his brother, A. A. Ramsey, John Overbay and H. N. Palmer, who together purchased the fall and winter stocks for the various stores of the company. Mrs. Ramsey and the children are now at Cleveland, Ohio, and will return home in about ten days.

ASSAULTED BY CHINESE

AMERICAN CONSUL MOB- BED BY YELLOW MEN

RESCUED BY THE POLICE

Story of Outrage Suppressed at Washington.

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, D. C., Aug. 24.—George E. Anderson, formerly editor of the Springfield (Ill.) News, now consul to Amoy, China, with his family, was in the storm center of an infuriated mob of Chinese, who attacked the consulate on July 27.

Details of the attack just came out at the state department today, after a month of silence concerning it. Mr. Anderson's interesting reports on various subjects are appearing daily in the consular and trade reports, published by the department of commerce and labor, but no reference has been made in any of them to the exciting time that the consul must have had. The tone of the articles written by Anderson is so favorable to the Chinese as a rule that the fact that he should be stung out for attack is all the more surprising. But the attack was made and Mr. Anderson and his family escaped injury through the intervention of the police, who were appealed to by both he and the British consul.

The first intimation which came to Washington, outside of the reports to the state department, which were kept secret by the department officials, were contained in Chinese newspapers. From all that can be learned, the attack on the consulate assumed serious proportions.

Result of Trade Boycott.
It was the result of a meeting which passed resolutions pronouncing a boycott on American products, the meeting following the lead of the Shanghai chamber of commerce. The Chinese who participated became wildly excited and went to the American consulate. Mud was thrown at the flagstaff and the native servants of Consul Anderson were threatened with death.

At the state department today it was said the whole affair was a closed incident. The local authorities promptly put down the turbulent uprising, according to a high official of the department, and punished the offenders. The authorities did everything in their power, and concluded the matter to the entire satisfaction of the department. There was, it was said today, for no further complaint to the Chinese government.

From the Chinese newspapers it is learned that both the American consul, Mr. Anderson, and the British representative at Amoy called on the authorities to protect the American consulate. The affair at Amoy is the first actual display of violence, as far as is known, against Americans on account of the boycott.

IN HANDS OF PRESIDENT

Report of Keep Commission Shows Rottenness in Printing Office.

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, D. C., Aug. 24.—Assistant Secretary Charles E. Keep of the treasury, chairman of what is known as the Keep commission, appointed by the President a few months ago to make an investigation into the organization, personnel, correspondence, methods of purchase of supplies and the keeping of accounts of the various government departments in Washington, has presented the reports and findings of his committee to the President in the recent investigation of the proposed purchase of typesetting machines for the government printing office. The commission consists of five members. Soon after the formation of the commission, the government printer, General Palmer, proposed to enter into a contract to purchase seventy-two typesetting machines for use in the government printing office. Spirited competition had been aroused between rivals for the contract. Charges of unfair dealing were made and officials of one company carried their complaints directly to President Roosevelt. He ordered an investigation by the Keep commission. The commission has taken a large volume of testimony, which is approved by the President. The

commission it is known developed an unfortunate state of affairs in the printing department, and it is known that the contract made will not stand good.

BURTON ENTERS DENIAL.

Says Chickasaw Warrants Were Received Prior to Election as Senator.

(By Associated Press.)
Abilene, Kas., Aug. 24.—Senator Burton at his home here today in an emphatic statement, declared that the Chickasaw warrants issued to him October, 1901, were in payment for legal services as counsel to Governor Johnson, prior to his election as senator. "I have never," he said, "received one penny in compensation for legal services rendered the Chickasaw nation since my election as United States senator before a federal department or any where else."

ANOTHER REPRIEVE FOR HOGG.
Chicago, Ill., Aug. 24.—A justice of the state supreme court has granted a superedeas in the Hogg case, which will prevent the hanging tomorrow.

HANKOW RAILWAY DEAL

China Wants to Drive a Bargain, Offering to End Boycott.

(By Associated Press.)
Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 24.—There is apparently a hitch in the understanding as to the Hankow railway concession, which the Chinese minister hoped to bring about this week. President Roosevelt has decided to withhold from publicity the important message from China sent yesterday by Mr. W. W. Rockhill, minister in Pekin. It is believed to be an answer to that sent by the President to China through the Chinese minister, who recently followed Mr. J. P. Morgan to Sagamore Hill. It concerns the boycott and the Canton-Hankow railway concession. No word has been received at Sagamore Hill from Wong Kai Rah, the imperial trade commissioner, who is hurrying to Oyster Bay to discuss the boycott and exclusion act, with the President. China apparently wants to drive a bargain with the United States, offering an end to the boycott and a compromise on the Hankow railway in return for treaty more lenient as to the exclusion of the Chinese merchants from the United States. Wong Kai Rah may be the bearer of these conditions, though just what his official status is, has not been found out.

City News Told in Brief.

Attent on Baptists.
It is desired that all members of the First Baptist church attend a business meeting this evening at the church, corner Vine street and Noble avenue. Committee.

Moving to Blackwell.
Rev. and Mrs. J. W. McAtee are shipping their household goods to Blackwell where they will make their home in the future. Rev. McAtee will have the chair of English literature at the Baptist college and will preach in a Ponce City church. He delivers his farewell sermon here Sunday morning. There will be an extra program given Sunday morning at the church here, consisting of addresses by the officials of the church and special music.

Complete Pawnee Investigation.
E. A. Allen, inspector for the department of justice, today completed his investigation into the alleged grafting by white men acting as guardians of Pawnee Indian children in the leasing of Indian lands. He left immediately for the Ponce reservation to investigate similar conditions among the Ponce, Otoe, Tonkawa and Missouri Indians.

Big Crowd Here Sunday.
Sunday the Santa Fe will run a special excursion train from Oklahoma City to Guthrie, the fare for the round trip being only seventy-five cents, the occasion being the ball game between the Senators and Mets, the team that will put a quietus to the pennant winning aspirations of the Wichita jobbers. A big crowd is expected here that day and one of the most hotly contested games of the season will be witnessed. Henderson will probably be in the box for the home team.

Visits B. F. Dunn.
Mr. Blake Covey came over from Enid this morning and spent the day in the city, the guest of B. F. Dunn. Mr. Covey is connected with the Kennedy Mercantile company of Enid. He thinks that Enid will have street cars running by the first of next July. The people there have taken hold of the street railway proposition and are de-

FEVER HARD TO CONTROL

MANY CASES APPEAR OUTSIDE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

SITUATION DISCOURAGING

Boasted Arsenic Remedy Proves a Failure.

(By Associated Press.)
New Orleans, La., Aug. 24.—New cases at noon since 6 p. m., Wednesday, twelve; deaths, three. Additional yellow fever nurses and doctors are to be sent to Leveeville, where several new cases of the disease have broken out and steps are being taken to prevent people from that place coming into New Orleans.

The following new cases were reported to the state board of health today: Fifteen at Patterson, one at Willowood, one at Mandeville, six at Hanson City, one at Kenner, two at Sarpy, one case and one death at St. Rose's, one death at Elizabeth plantation, one case at Fort Barrow, one case and one death in St. Bernard parish.

A preliminary report was received from the physicians who were sent to Leveeville, at the mouth of Bayou Lafourche. They report sixty-nine genuine cases of fever, over a hundred cases of ganglia fever and about sixty suspicious cases. Two deaths have occurred.

Dr. R. B. Leach seems to have come to the end of his string, so far as the arsenic treatment as a preventive of yellow fever is concerned. Tomorrow a report will be published here, showing that a half-dozen or more cases of fever have occurred among the devotees of the arsenic treatment, together with a telegram from Surgeon General Wyman refusing to appoint a commission to carry out the tests desired by Dr. Leach.

The fever situation in the state is still very discouraging. New cases are reported from a number of points. Physicians who were sent to Covington, the summer resort, to investigate suspicious cases report that the dis-

ease there is a bad form of malaria. So bad has the situation become at Patterson that fifty additional cases were sent there today, on a special train.

A half-dozen Chinamen on their way to San Francisco for deportation were sent to one of the detention camps, Dr. J. E. Linsley, a member of the board which has been trying to secure international quarantine, this morning, in an interview, placed the blame for the entrance of the fever into the city on the marine hospital corps officials, who, he claims, disregarded all the rules at the various Central American ports where they were stationed.

Yellow Fever in Michigan.
Grand Rapids, Mich., Aug. 24.—A case of yellow fever has been diagnosed ten miles from here.

Opinion on Osteopathy Law.
Attorney General Simms today rendered an opinion reiterating an opinion handed down by his predecessor in office to the effect that the law governing the practice of osteopathy in the territory exempts from examination persons engaged in the practice of osteopathy at the time of the passage of the law.

NATIONAL RIFLE MATCH

Okla. a Sharpshooters Represented in Contest at Sea Girt.

(By Associated Press.)
Sea Girt, N. J., Aug. 24.—The opening of the National Rifle Match took place here today. Officers were in charge of affairs. Among those present were the best rifle shots in all the national guards of the United States, including Guthrie, Okla., who had been appointed by Governor Ferguson, also Captain Hoff of the ordnance department, at Washington, who is here to observe the action of the arms and ammunition manufactured by the ordnance department. Great disappointment was felt at the news that President Roosevelt would not be present this year. It is due to the advice of the secret service men, who fear some accident might occur. It was earnestly desired that President Roosevelt should come this year and present the President's cup to the winner.

RECEIVERS IN PLENTY

Queer Complication Arises Over Cleveland Oil Land Litigation.

The appointment of the mayor of Cleveland yesterday by Judge Burford as receiver for a number of the lot owners in the Wagg oil case, recalls the story of how sixty-five acres of valuable oil land became involved in litigation.

A few years ago Mr. and Mrs. Herbert owned eighty acres of land adjoining the little city of Cleveland. Their crops failed them one year, owing to drought and hot winds, and they also met with heavy financial reverses and mortgaged their property to S. R. Wagg, a Wisconsin money lender. A deed was given as security for the mortgage. Before the mortgage became due Mr. Herbert was taken ill and suddenly died and the widow was unable to redeem the mortgage. She renewed it, but was again unable to redeem the property. A new deed was then made, giving Wagg sixty-five acres of the property and Mrs. Herbert retaining fifteen acres.

Wagg platted his property and sold a great many of the lots. A short time after Wagg had disposed of his lots the property was found to be located in the rich oil district. Mrs. Herbert then brought suit to get possession of the property. The case was heard by Judge Burford and was decided in favor of Mrs. Herbert, the court holding that the deed was nothing more or less than a mortgage. The case has been appealed to the supreme court, where it is now pending. After securing title to the land Mrs. Herbert leased the property to the Herbert Oil company, of which she is a member. The company purchased a number of the lots from parties who had bought them from the money lender, Wagg. Other owners of lots purchased from the Wisconsin man have also sunk wells on their lots, but they learned that they could not dispose of a single gallon of their oil as there is reputed to be a rule in effect among oil companies that will not allow them to purchase oil from any person whose title to the land from which the petroleum was obtained is in litigation. In order to get around this rule the lot owners apply for a receiver, who will hold the royalty until the title of the land has been settled by the courts. This accounts for the appointment of the severe receiver by Judge Burford. The outcome of the case is being watched with considerable interest.

HERO HOBSON WILL ORATE

STAR ATTRACTION TO NIGHT AT EPWORTH ASSEMBLY

MANY OTSIDERS PRESENT

"America's Mighty Mission" Theme of Lecture.

The crowd at the Assembly today has been immense. The day has not been so intensely hot as the other days of the week and large numbers of formally present at yesterday's meeting. Guthrie people have been in attendance. Every train into the city brought hundreds of visitors.

At eight o'clock the business meeting of the Epworth conference was held and four members of the board of control elected as follows: R. A. Barnes, W. M. Rose, Robert Chastain and P. H. Chabolla; H. A. Doty, secretary of the meeting, and M. Porter, chairman.

Rev. L. B. Wickham spoke to a large audience this morning. His talk was largely reminiscences of his early life, telling of how he worked while a young minister and how he tried to pattern his life after that of Moody and other great religious workers. He also spoke this afternoon and was enthusiastically received. Rev. Wickham is without doubt the most popular speaker who has been here during the session of the Assembly.

At four o'clock Rev. G. W. Young, pastor of the "Christianity" church, lectured at the "Christianity" meeting. His talk was most pertinent and logical. He was applauded frequently during the course of his lecture.

Tonight Captain Richmond P. Hobson will speak on "America's Mighty Mission." The largest crowd that has attended during the entire session of the Assembly is expected out this evening to hear him. There are many people here today who have come a considerable distance to listen to him. The lecture will begin promptly at eight o'clock.

Colonel Lou Beauchamp lectured last night on "Success, and How to Attain It." He interspersed plenty of wit and humor in the address, but the main purpose of the lecture was to show the young people their wonderful opportunities and to inspire and uplift them. He is a delightful entertainer, earnest and forceful and a capital story teller and mimic, his stories always strengthening, rather than detracting from his argument.

Prof. Wilcox closed the entertainment with pictures of William Sheldon and a short talk which was greatly appreciated.

The following Epworth league of 2000 were elected this morning: Rev. R. A. Barnes, president; Rev. W. M. Rose, vice president; Ed Thatcher, recording secretary; J. D. Halbridge, corresponding secretary; E. T. Cole, secretary of World's Evangelism; S. Herold, secretary of Christian Citizenship; John P. Cook, treasurer; Lucy Bean, secretary, and Clarence Brown, superintendent of Junior league.

NABBED BY SEC. M'NABB

Nursery Agent Arrested for Canvassing for Stock Without Permit.

J. M. T. Wright, purporting to be a nurseryman of some importance, with headquarters at Muncie, I. T., was arrested at Mangum, Okla., on August 22, on a warrant sworn out by C. A. McNabb, secretary of the Oklahoma board of agriculture, on the charge of canvassing for nursery stock without a permit. Wright has been operating extensively in Greer county for the past month, having several salesmen under him. Mr. McNabb has evidence against other salesmen, against whom proceedings have been commenced. Wright contended that he knew nothing of the law until a few days ago. It has been clearly demonstrated that a farmer from whom he personally took an order early in August called his attention to the existence of a law requiring a permit. He evidently considered this county too far remote from the secretary's office to be dangerous ground. Mr. McNabb says that the law upon the Oklahoma statute through dishonest practices by so-called nurserymen, has been thousands of dollars annually. At the Greer county institute on August 22, he spoke at some length upon the law and explained the various schemes and practices of the dealers in bootlegging the nursery farmer into parting with his money.